

Lead in Drinking Water

How can the government provide better oversight?

AN OVERVIEW OF GAO-17-424

Why is Lead a Problem?

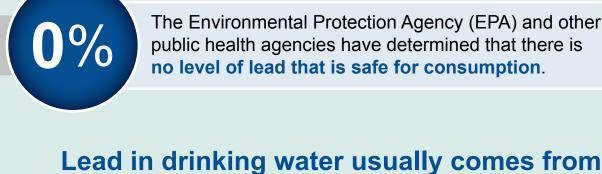
Drinking water contaminated with lead poses a significant danger to public health.



Lead can affect almost every organ and system in adults. Some common effects:

- decreased kidney function reproductive problems

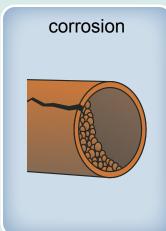


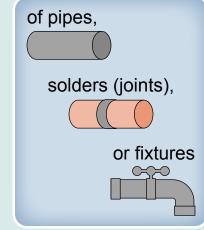


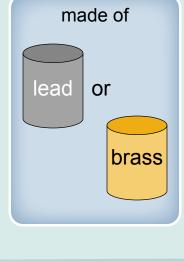
public health agencies have determined that there is no level of lead that is safe for consumption.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and other

made of









Corrosion occurs when these plumbing materials come into contact with

corrosive water—for example, water with low pH.

recent industry estimate, there are

According to a

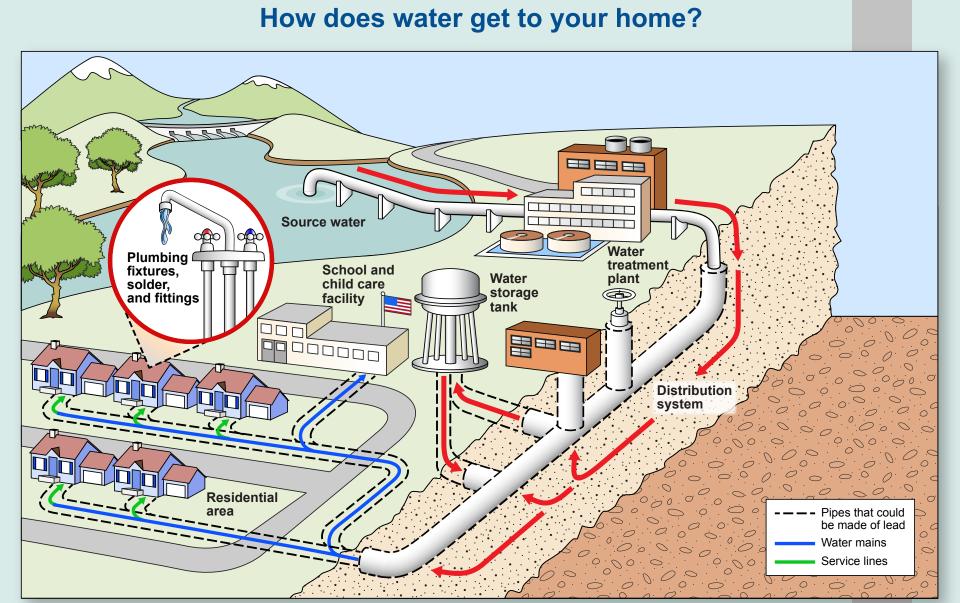
6.1 million lead pipes

drinking water to

throughout the United

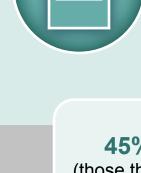
States that deliver

15-22 million people.



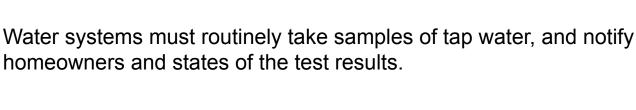
To reduce lead in the nation's drinking water, the EPA introduced the Lead and Copper Rule

Regulating Lead in Drinking Water



systems, and homeowners. which supply about This rule applies to 312 million people. 45% of water systems (those that serve the same customers

in 1991—a complex regulation that requires collaboration among the EPA, states, water

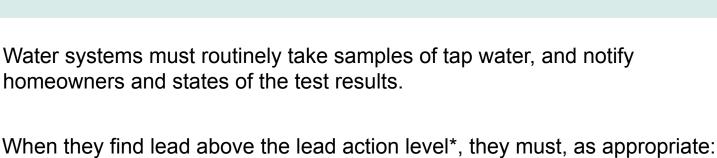


Apply corrosion control treatments

consumers (and others).

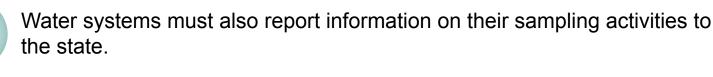
Information System.

for at least 6 months of the year),





(such as adjusting the pH of the water). test and treat the source water. Provide educational materials to If necessary, replace lead pipes



The state then reports this information to EPA's Safe Drinking Water



Test water quality conditions, and

owned by the water system.



* The lead action level established by the rule is 15 parts per billion in over 10 percent of the water samples. This

The EPA uses this database to oversee and monitor compliance with the rule.

How Can the EPA Improve Oversight of the Lead and Copper Rule?

level, when exceeded, indicates to water systems that corrosion control is needed or not working correctly.

where lead pipes are located. They could use additional statistical analysis

likelihood of having a reported violation of the rule.

to predict whether some water systems have a higher

They could collect data on, among other things,



What Can You Do About Lead in Your Drinking Water?

The EPA suggests the following steps to minimize lead in your drinking water.

1. Determine the quality of your water.

Have your water tested for lead by a certified lab—Since you cannot



Contact your water utility if you'd like to receive a copy of its annual water quality report (i.e., a Consumer Confidence Report). Public water systems must also alert you if there is a problem with your system's drinking water.



Hotline at (1-800-426-4791) for more information. Let the water in your pipes run before using it for drinking or cooking.

see, taste or smell lead dissolved in water, testing is the only sure way to tell if there is lead in your drinking water. Call EPA's Safe Drinking Water

How long? Your water system has specific recommendations.



Only use water from the cold-water tap for eating and drinking. Note that boiling water will NOT get rid of lead contamination.



certifying organizations to make sure the device actually removes lead. **Consider replacing** pipes, solders, and plumbing fixtures that contain lead.

Use water filters or treatment devices—but verify with independent